**Introduction**

The organization has developed an employee wellbeing policy to manage its obligations to maintain the mental health and wellbeing of all staff. It covers the organization's commitment to employee health, the responsibilities of managers and others for maintaining psychological health, health promotion initiatives, communicating and training on health issues, the range of support available for the maintenance of mental health, and organizational commitment to handling individual issues.

**Objectives**

The aim of this policy is to describe the organization's commitment to the mental health and wellbeing of employees in its broadest, holistic sense, setting out how the organization fulfils its legal obligations, the responsibilities of different functions and specialists and the range of services available to help employees maintain health and wellbeing. The organization recognizes that wellbeing and performance are linked. Improving employees' ability to handle pressure and to balance work and home life will ultimately lead to improved individual and organizational performance.

**Organizational commitment**

The organization has legal obligations under health and safety legislation to manage risks to the health and safety of employees. In addition to reducing safety risks, this means operating the business in a way that minimizes harm to employees' mental health, for example by ensuring that the demands of jobs are not unacceptable and having policies and procedures in place to support individuals experiencing mental ill health at work.

The organization will put in place measures to prevent and manage risks to employee wellbeing, together with appropriate training and individual support. It will also seek to foster a mentally healthy culture by incorporating these principles into line manager training and running regular initiatives to raise awareness of mental health issues at work.

**Responsibilities**

*Organization*

The organization has a legal duty of care to employees to ensure health at work, as set out in the Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 and the Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999. The organization will ensure that its policies and practices reflect this duty and review the operation of these documents at regular intervals.

*Line managers*

Line managers will put in place measures to minimize the risks to employee wellbeing, particularly from negative pressure at work. Managers must familiarize themselves with the Health and Safety Executive's stress management standards and use these to mitigate psychological risks in their teams. For example, managers should ensure that employees understand their role within the team and receive the necessary information and support from managers and team members to do their job. Managers must also familiarize themselves with the organization’s policies on diversity and tackling inappropriate behavior in order to support staff, for example on bullying and harassment issues.

In particular, line managers must ensure that they take steps to reduce the risks to employee health and wellbeing by:

* ensuring that the right people are recruited to the right jobs and that a good match is obtained between individuals recruited and job descriptions/specifications;
* keeping employees in the team up to date with developments at work and how these might affect their job and workload;
* ensuring that employees know who to approach with problems concerning their role and how to pursue issues with senior management;
* making sure jobs are designed fairly and that work is allocated appropriately between teams; and
* ensuring that workstations are regularly assessed to ensure that they are appropriate and fit for purpose.

*Human resources*

The HR department will develop organization-wide policies and procedures to protect the wellbeing of employees, assist line managers in supporting individuals, and liaise as appropriate with occupational health and other medical professionals, with the object of helping employees to maintain good psychological health.

*Occupational health*

Occupational health professionals will provide a comprehensive service designed to help employees stay in work, or to return to work, after experiencing mental health problems. This will include preparing medical assessments of individuals' fitness for work following referrals from line managers and the HR department, liaising with GPs and working with individuals to help them to retain employment.

Occupational health professionals will play a critical part in developing rehabilitation plans for employees returning to work after absences related to mental ill health, and work with GPs and line managers on designing jobs and working environments to ensure that rehabilitation is successful. Occupational health professionals will also design and implement health promotion and lifestyle behavior management programs, including initiatives on managing pressure and ongoing health conditions at work.

*Employee assistance program provider*

The provider of external employee assistance services [insert details] will alert the organization's management to clusters or "hotspots" of psychological risk in the organization, drawing on anonymized data provided by calls to its 24-hour helpline and information from face-to-face counselling with employees.

*Employees*

Employees must take responsibility for managing their own health and wellbeing, by adopting good health behaviors (for example in relation to diet, alcohol consumption and smoking) and informing the organization if they believe work or the work environment poses a risk to their health. Any health-related information disclosed by an employee during discussions with managers, the HR department or the occupational health service is treated in confidence.

**Health promotion initiatives**

The organization will develop and run a range of health promotion initiatives designed to raise awareness of health and lifestyle issues affecting mental health and wellbeing. Occupational health professionals and the HR department will have primary responsibility for leading these programs, but line managers and employees will be expected to participate. These programs will be evaluated to determine their effectiveness.

The programs will cover:

* stress management;
* disability awareness;
* bullying and harassment;
* handling violence and traumatic incidents at work;
* lifestyle behaviors, with voluntary screening (for example in relation to alcohol, drugs and smoking); and
* physical activity and fitness.

Employees will also be encouraged to establish clubs and groups designed to foster wellbeing, for example lunchtime walking or dancing clubs.

**Training and communications**

Line managers and employees will regularly discuss individual training needs to ensure that employees have the necessary skills to adapt to ever-changing job demands. An examination of training needs will be particularly important prior to, and during, periods of organizational change.

Managers and employees are encouraged to participate in communication/feedback exercises, including stress audits and staff surveys. All employees are expected to be aware of the importance of effective communication and to use the media most appropriate to the message, for example team meetings, one-to-one meetings, electronic communications and organization-wide methods. The organization will ensure that structures exist to give employees regular feedback on their performance, and for them to raise concerns.

The organization will consider special communication media during periods of organizational change.

**Occupational health support**

Line managers and employees can contact the organization's occupational health service on [telephone number/e-mail address]. A comprehensive occupational health service is available, from individual health screening to the design of return-to-work plans for those rehabilitating after a period of long-term sickness absence.

Workplace wellbeing services provided by the occupational health team include:

* workstation assessments;
* pre-employment screening;
* fitness-for-work assessments;
* eye tests for users of visual display screen equipment;
* in-work screening for health risks, including for coronary heart disease;
* vaccination service;
* post-incident support;
* designing and advising on health promotion initiatives; and
* health and safety training.

If employees believe that their work, or some aspect of it, is putting their wellbeing at risk they should, in the first instance, speak to their line manager or the HR department. The discussion should cover workload and other aspects of job demands and raise issues such as identified training needs.

A referral to the occupational health team will be made if this is considered appropriate after an employee's initial discussion with their manager or the HR department. Discussions between employees and the occupational health professionals are confidential, although the occupational health team is likely to provide a report on the employee's fitness to work, and any recommended adaptations to the working environment, to the HR department.

Other measures available to support employees in maintaining health and wellbeing include [delete as appropriate and insert more details on specific programs and policies]:

* an employee assistance program;
* procedures for reporting and handling inappropriate behavior (for example bullying and harassment);
* subsidized gym/sports facilities;
* a lifestyle management program;
* a stress management/handling pressure program;
* special leave arrangements;
* opportunities for flexible working;
* support for workers with disabilities; and
* the organization’s grievance policy.

**Relationship with other policies**

This employee wellbeing policy should be read in conjunction with other policies and procedures covering attendance and health, including policies on work-life balance, special leave, flexible working, the management of short and long-term absence, sick pay, bullying and harassment, violence at work, equal opportunities and staff training and development.

Line managers, human resources and occupational health must ensure that personal data, including information about individuals' health, is handled in accordance with the organization’s [data protection policy](http://www.xperthr.co.uk/policies-and-documents/data-protection-policy-compliant-with-the-gdpr-/162690/) / policy on processing special categories of personal data.

##### © Reed Business Information Ltd.